

Aufgaben Englisch BK Klasse 7d Boehme

Hi guys,

I am back again, and I hope this finds all of you in good health. As you noticed, I didn't make it to put your previous (vorige) task into the cloud. But now I finally managed, so you can find it there and on our homepage. At the end of the week I will jot down the answers, so please try to do the tasks before. And please, do send them to my e-mail address: m.boehme@oberschule-falkensee.de

Unfortunately I have only received two packs of answers so far. At the end of the week you can compare your answers with those that I will give you.

But now is time for more practice. We will find out more about Scotland and a Scottish family.

Our headline is: Time for a change

You already know the word to change as a verb: wechseln, ändern, tauschen. Now it is a noun and means **der Wechsel/ die Veränderung**. I am sure, you find out!

Here are some more new words. Write them down into your folder and add the German meaning of the new words. Make sure that you understand the examples that are given.

Voc.unit IV p.72

change – Let's have a change.

(to) close sth. down – Oh, they closed down that shop too. Now there is no more baker shop in that area.

customer – A customer is a person who goes to a shop to buy something there.

in all – In all I got two packs of answers.

employee – An employee is a person who works for another person-

We ask ourselves...

unemployed – Being unemployed means that you don't have a job.

Learn the words!

Now let's find out what all that is about. Take out your **books on page 72 nb 2**.

a) Read the article. Find out: Has Mr McDonald lost his job? – **Yes, he has.**

b) Read the article again and answer the questions. Write down your answers into your folders.

1. What was the name of the shop? - **McBeans**
2. Where was the shop?- **in Church Street in Inverness**
3. What could you buy there?- **clothes and equipment for camping, climbing and walking**
4. What were the reasons (Gründe) for closing?- **most people go to out-of-town shopping centres**
5. How many people worked there?- **seven people**

c) WORDS – Read the article again and find words for:

1. a shop that sells camping things- **an outdoor shop**

2. shops that aren't in the town centre- **out-of-town shops**
3. someone who is the boss in the shop- **manager**
4. you can park your car- **car park**
5. people who buy things in shop- **customers**
6. people who work- **employees**
7. when someone has no job- **unemployed**

Was haben wir hier gelernt? – Man kann Wörter auch umschreiben. Das nutzt uns besonders dann, wenn wir oder unser Gesprächspartner ein Wort nicht kennen.

To practise that look into your **WB p. 50 nb 3**. Streicht die Wörter/ Wortgruppen in rot durch und ersetzt sie durch ein Wort aus dem grünen Kästchen. Stellt vorher sicher, dass ihr die Bedeutung der Wörter im grünen Kästchen kennt.

(not long ago) – recently; (camping, climbing and walking things) – outdoor equipment; (boss) – manager; (people who worked there) – employees; (have no work) – unemployed; (people who go shopping) - customers; (places with lots of shops) – shopping centres; (spaces for cars)- car parks

Well done. Don't forget to learn the words.

Good, let's go one step farther.

Mr McDonald lost his job. That's really hard because he is unemployed now. The family want to discuss what they can do. Do you have an idea, what they can do?

Maybe they could ...

Write down your idea.

Let's have a look at the family discussion. But before we need to learn some more new words.

Vocabulary unit IV, p. 73

meal – After the meal everybody wanted to go for a walk.

(to) blame somebody for doing something – I don't blame you for breaking the window. It was an accident.

Don't blame yourself, Dad. – Gib dir nicht die Schuld, Dad.

I blame myself; you blame yourself (Sing.: du-dir); he blames himself; she blames herself; (it-itself); we blame ourselves; you blame yourselves (Plural: ihr-euch); they blame themselves

wanted – Assistant for sale wanted. Good pay. Training possible. (Gesucht)

management

we want you to go – Teacher: "I want you to learn the words. I don't want you to forget your homework."

(to) stick together – People stick together in hard Corona times. (stick- stuck- stuck)

bed and breakfast (B&B) – B&B is a good alternative to an expensive hotel.

(to) start a business – When I am older, I want to start my own business.

how to do sth. – Do you know how to do this task?

(to) run a business – You have to know how to run a business. (run- ran- run)

Help yourselves. – Come on, the food is over there, help yourselves to a yummy cupcake.

store – another word for shop

Learn the words!

Now let's find out what the McDonalds want to do to make a new start.

LB p. 73 nb 3a

Read the text, then tell me, what their idea is.

The McDonalds want to **start their own business – a B&B.**

LB p. 73 nb 3b *Now read the text again and find out if the sentences below are true, false or not in the text.*

1. The kids think that their Dad should go to Glasgow. – **false (They think they should stick together.)**
2. The parents want to stay in their home. – **true**
3. They think that Loch Ness is more beautiful than Glasgow. – **not in the text**
4. More tourists visit the Highlands than Glasgow. – **not in the text**
5. The McDonalds are thinking about a B&B. – **true**
6. Jamie loves the new idea. – **false (He says they don't know how to run a B&B.)**

Okay, I think that should be enough for today. I wish you fun. Take care. I wait for your results!